THE DAILY MEMPHIS AVALANCHE.

By M. C. GALLAWAY & Co. MEMPHIS, SUNDAY, MAY 10, 1868. (Volume Eleven—Number 104.

THE DAILY AVALANCHE.

Japanese editors are treated like sheep-thieves.

Nashville is again being agitated about a city park.

Locusts have made their appearance in Southern Alabama.

Jacksonport, Arkansas, is enjoying the felicity of the whooping cough.

The population of Knoxville is 8682—whites 5981; blacks 2642—a total increase of 3600 since 1860.

Mr. P. G. Dodie, one of the editors and proprietors of the Pocahontas (Arkansas) *Standard*, died recently.

The Boston *Post* says the Managers ought to file their speeches, as that is the only way they can give them point.

New York is to have the donation of a live prince this month—the Prince of Saxe-Coburg, who will stop there on his way to Brazil.

A negro named Henry Jackson was executed in Jacksonport, Arkansas, last Friday, for ravishing a white woman. He confessed his guilt on the gallows.

Chinese wheelbarrows, it is reported, have wheels in the middle. Sails are also set on these carriages, which, when the wind is fair, can easily be propelled at the rate of six miles an hour.

Thad. Stevens was asked on Friday morning what he had to say in reply to Evarts' allusion to him the day previous. His reply was prompt: "I think, as I did in February, that nearly all the articles are worthless."

The Rhode Island Baptist State Convention has "disfellowshipped" the Second Baptist Church of Newport for "inviting to the Lord's table those who have not been baptized in accordance with the Lord's commands."

A New Orleans correspondent writes relative to the sugar crop that the plantations are doing well this year, and it is "estimated that there is cane enough in the ground to produce 150,000 hogsheads of sugar, provided it is not killed and choked out by politics."

While Mr. Henry M. Payne, of Holly Springs, Mississippi, was walking on the streets a few nights since, an attempt was made to assassinate him by stabbing. His clothes were cut, but a vigorous defense compelled the scoundrel to leave.

Judge Caton, of Illinois, has accumulated an estate of $1,500,000 since 1852, in the telegraph business. His franchise in Illinois, Iowa and Minnesota have been leased to the Western Union Company at a rental of $90,000 a year, for fifty years.

The Morristown (Tennessee) *Gazette* learns that a party of Union Leaguers, in Cocke county, have been "sloshing around" Gorman's Depot, for some two weeks past, committing outrages and ordering a number of good citizens of that community to leave the country.

Major Hunter Nicholson has withdrawn from the editorship of the Maury county *Herald*, a position he has long and ably filled. In future his time will be devoted to the *Dixie Farmer*. Mr. Alfred S. Horsley will succeed him in the *Herald*.

A paper dealer in New York recently bought among waste paper nine ledgers, containing copies of letters written during the revolution by the War and Navy Departments. The price final for this historical curiosity is $600.

The Ohio *Statesman* of Wednesday speaks of a deaf and dumb man in Columbus who has been taking lessons in articulation from Dr. Boyle of that city, and who utters distinctly any word that may be given. The *Statesman* says that the efforts of Dr. Boyle in teaching mutes how to speak have been remarkably successful.

Housekeeping has been introduced as a regular branch of instruction in German schools. Young ladies are required to write essays upon the probable prices of food, the weight of fat or lean fowls, the method of fattening beeves, and in general upon whatever pertains to the economy of the culinary art.

On Thursday evening last, during a riot in Augusta, Georgia, a negro was wounded by a bayonet in the hands of a soldier, from the effects of which he died during the night. The coroner held an inquest, and the jury returned a verdict of justifiable homicide at the hands of a United States soldier in the discharge of his duty.

A revival of religion is in progress in Birmingham, Connecticut, and apropos of the great interest, a correspondent tells of a rope walker who drew a large crowd about him, so as to block the street during his ascension, but on coming down and proceeding to take up a collection, his whole audience incontinently left for the prayer meeting.

It is understood that the match between Coburn and McCoole for $5,000 aside and the championship of America, will certainly come off within fifty miles of Cincinnati, on Friday, the 29th instant. Both men are hard at work, and in a forward state of preparation. McCoole is the favorite in St. Louis and Cincinnati at odds of $1,000 to $800. In New York the betting is even.

There are one thousand deaf mutes in Tennessee. The asylum at Knoxville, with accommodation for one hundred pupils, has now only fifty-five. Those vary in age from little Allen Harper, of Memphis, seven years old, who came all the way from Memphis alone, with a paper on her neck saying, "I am deaf and dumb. Going to the asylum at Knoxville," and who is the pet of the school, to Berry Dalton, of Rutledge, twenty-five years old.

The Clinton, Henry county, Missouri, *Democrat* of the 1st instant, speaking of the Silas Murphy, who married a negress at Louisville a month ago, in answer to a Radical statement that Murphy was a Democrat, says: "If it is necessary, we can procure the names of over one hundred persons, who have known Murphy several years, who will certify that he is one of the leading Radicals in the county of Missouri. Murphy himself says he is a Radical, and furthermore, his marrying the nigger wench is indorsed by half the Radicals in this town."

LETTER FROM NASHVILLE.

Special Mail of Saturday Exclusively Account of the Contests.

NASHVILLE, May 6.

About ten o'clock it commenced raining, and poured down without intermission, until one o'clock. About that time it cleared off, and we made preparations to start for the scene of action. On our arrival at the course we found a very respectable crowd assembled to witness the sport, and during the number many an old turfite, whose names have been household words — Baille Peyton, General Harding, Mr. Johnson and many others connected with the Nashville Association. There were a number of turfmen present from other cities—Zeb. Ward, of Kentucky, and many others worthy of mention. The usual events prior to the race took place.

There was much talk about the entry of Gen. Harding. It was finally announced by the judges that owing to the informality of the entry, that Gen. Harding's colt could not start, which robbed the race of a great deal of interest. At three o'clock the horses were called up for the first race, the sweepstake, for three years old. There was but two came up for the start—Elgin and Donovan. They had no trouble in getting the word. The drum was tapped, with Elgin in the lead. On rounding the turn Donovan commenced buck jumping. By the time Elgin reached the quarter he had Donovan out of his distance. The race is easily described. Elgin sustained his lead all the way home, and passed under the string winner of the heat and race, Donovan distanced. Time—1:57½.

SUMMARY.

Grand sweepstakes for three-year-olds; dash of one mile (entrance $50 each, with $250 added by the Association; the second horse to receive $100 out of the stakes; the third to save his entrance. Closed with the following nominations:

P. Mitchell enters br. c. Elgin, by Lexington, dam by Imported Eclipse.....1
A. C. Franklin's ch. c. Donovan, 3 years old, by Bulletin dam by Lexington.....2
E. A. Smith's ch. f. Columbia, three years old, by Boston, dam by Young Scotland, dam by Young Fashion.....3 d
E. A. Smith's b. f. Beauty, by Imp. Bonnie Scotland, dam Alamanda, by Marliet.....4 d
Geo. Thos. Hooton's ch. c. Lexington, by Artaxerxes, dam by Duke of Orleans, dam by Lexington.....5 d
Gen. W. H. Moore's b. c. Harding, by Vaulty, dam Woodbine, by Lexington.....Ruled out

Time—1:57½.

The second race, mile heats for all ages—four entries: Ooltawah, Pat Cleburne, Nelly Gwynne and Maggie Hunter. Ooltawah was the favorite against the field. Nelly had a strong party of supporters who had much confidence in her, owing to her late performances at Memphis. There was but little time lost. The horses being saddled and the track cleared, they came up in the following order: Cleburne on the inside, Maggie second and Ooltawah next, with Nelly on the outside. They got off at the first start, Ooltawah in the lead, Cleburne next, Nelly and Maggie close up. On rounding the turn Nelly moved up and took the second place at the quarter in twenty-eight seconds. Going up the back stretch she collared the leader. At the half mile in fifty-six and a half seconds Ooltawah leads by a length, Nelly second, Cleburne third, and Maggie close up rounding the turn. Leaving the half mile Cleburne dropped to the rear and gave Maggie third place. They swing into the stretch in this manner. There is no change in the positions. Ooltawah passes under the string, winner of the heat by a length, Nelly second, Maggie third and Cleburne a good fourth. Time—1:55½.

SECOND HEAT.—After several ineffectual attempts the drum is tapped, with Cleburne in the lead, Ooltawa and Nelly two lengths behind, Maggie close up. At the quarter (in 27) the positions are the same; going up the back stretch Ooltawa and Nelly close up; at the half mile in fifty five seconds, Cleburne in the lead, Ooltawa and Nelly at his haunches, Maggie too far behind to talk about. They come into the home run driving; they come down the stretch under whip and spur. Before reaching the stand Ooltawa parts company with Nelly, and challenges for first place; in a few more jumps she is in the lead, and comes in winning the heat and race by half a length, Cleburne second, Nelly third and Maggie distanced. Time—1:55½.

SUMMARY.

A. G. Wilson's gr. m. b. h. Ooltawa, by Imp. Albion, dam by Wonder.....1 1
P. Mitchell enters ch. c. Cleburne, 4 yrs. old, by Lexington, dam by Imp. Bonnie Scotland, dam by Glencoe.....2 2
P. Mitchell enters ch. f. Maggie Hunter, four years old, by Australian, dam by Glencoe.....3 dis.

Time—1:55½; 1:55½.

The time, considering the condition of the track, was very good.

Yours truly, ALDERMAN.

LITTLE ROCK.

A Tax-Title Scalawag Successfully Flanked—Decorating Confederate Graves—Establishment of a Memphis Branch House at Little Rock—May-Day Festivities—The Crops, Etc.

(Correspondence Memphis Avalanche.)

LITTLE ROCK, May 7th, 1868.

A most interesting trial, and one that pretty well settles the tax-title business was concluded in the United States Court in this city last week.

During the war one C. C. Bliss, a member of the "God and morality" party, partner of the infamous W. L. Schenck, M. C., and during the years 1865-6 Lieutenant Governor of Arkansas, purchased real estate very extensively at the United States tax sales here immediately after the occupation of the city by the Federal army.

The gentlemen whose property was thus sold not long since instituted proceedings for the recovery of the same. Bliss, thinking that probably he would have a better chance of retaining the property so illegally gotten by taking the case to the Federal Court, with Radical judges had the case removed from the State Courts to the United States Circuit Court. Mr. Justice Miller, of the United States Supreme Court, being in the city the case was tried before him, and the plaintiffs succeeded in having a receiver appointed for the property in dispute. This will relieve Mr. Bliss of about $14,000 per annum of other persons' money, which heretofore he has been enjoying for himself. Mr. John W. Sloan was appointed receiver for the property, which bolsters up the hopes of Governor Clayton and Vance. Last week the bar of this city gave a complimentary supper to Judge Miller, of the United States Supreme Court. The supper was provided by the gentlemanly proprietor of the Anthony House, and the table was supplied with everything good in the shape of delicacies and substantials. The entire bar was present, and all went "merry as a marriage bell."

Messrs. W. S. Bruce & Company, the enterprising carriage manufacturers of Memphis, have just concluded the purchase of a fine lot on the corner of Markham and Cumberland streets, and will immediately commence the erection of an elegant building for their factory. Messrs. Bruce & Co. are doing a splendid business, and deserve success, as they are gentlemen of the strictest integrity, and their work will be unsurpassed by any in the country. Their buggies, etc., used in the State Fair in this beautiful little city is constantly drawing crowds of the best class of persons who come to see and talk to the salesmen. Those to be delivered to Memphis are of a most elegant pattern.

On Thursday last at nine a.m. the ladies of the Confederate Memorial Association met at the residence of Judge R. C. Brooks, and from there proceeded to Mount Holly Cemetery for the purpose of decorating the graves of the Confederate dead. Long ere the hour for all of the ladies to assemble had arrived, the hacks and always ready and willing with their means in their power to do honor to our fallen braves. It was a sad, yet beautiful sight on commencing day to witness the graves in Mount Holly, their sides were hundred, so beautifully decorated with wreaths and flowers by the hands of the mothers, wives and sisters of those who now sleep in soldiers' graves. I would like to mention the names of some of the ladies, but all were equally interested and 'twould occupy too much of your valuable space should I begin to enumerate them.

The 1st of May was observed in this city as a general holiday. The fire department, consisting of Pulaski No. 1, Defiance Hook and Ladder No. 1, Torrent No. 4, and Pat Cleburne (colored) No. 1, were all out with their members, and paraded the streets. The engines were all beautifully decorated with wreaths and bouquets made by the young ladies, the former was drawn by four fine horses, and the Pat Cleburne by six horses, but Defiance Hook and Ladder was particularly conspicuous, being drawn by eight elegantly caparisoned black horses, driven tandem, and with each horse a groom, dressed à la Turk. After a march through the city of about an hour and a half the entire department adjourned to the residence of Dr. Craven Payton on Main street, where the worthy host and his admirable lady had provided them with refreshments. Such acts of hospitality are always remembered, especially by firemen, and the Payton and his lady may rest assured they have the good wishes of every member of the department.

At the theater the sensational play of "Under the Gaslight" has been on the boards for four nights, and it still continues to draw good houses to Mr. Conner, deserved success for the admirable manner in which he is producing all the novelties of the day.

Planters speak hopefully of the crops, although at present we are having a rainy season. The river is rising, with plenty of water to Port Gibson. *Au revoir.*

MEMPHIS.

BY TELEGRAPH.

SATURDAY'S NOON DISPATCHES.

LONDON, May 9.—An official dispatch from Tatanta, of April 21st, says that over thirty guns and mortars were destroyed at Magdala, the gates blown up, and every building in the town burned, on the 4th. The King's widow and son were protected by the Tigre country. The army left Magdala on the 18th, and hoped to reach Zela by the end of May. The wounded are all doing well.

A Magdala correspondent, writing on the 16th of April, says the King was buried in Magdala church.

The young prince Theodore goes to England, to be educated, and Gobosee is to be crowned King.

The army will leave for home in two days.

Three other specials, dated respectively on the 10th, 11th and 12th of April, which have been delayed two weeks on the route, have just come to hand, and give a graphic picture of the fight of the 10th. When the English came within view the enemy were in great force. The fight opened with mortars, and soon after thirty five hundred Abyssinians, with shouts and triumphal songs, dashed down the hill, and charged the British batteries. They were repulsed, leaving 700 killed on the field, including two chiefs. The enemy's tactics and courage were good. The king sent a flag of truce to Napier asking for peace. Napier replied his terms were unconditional surrender. The king replied that he would never accept arbitrary terms; he would rather fight. He asked Napier to take the English prisoners and go away. Hence the prisoners were released; but the King refused to surrender himself, and Magdala was stormed by the British. The King tried to commit suicide three times. Captives say they saw three hundred native prisoners killed on the 9th of April.

OTTAWA, May 8.—Information has been received here from England to the effect that the Government has agreed to take off the tax on American vessels fishing in Canadian waters, at two dollars per ton. The three warnings heretofore required to be given American vessels, are to be dispensed with.

RICHMOND, May 8.—In the Conservative Convention, which adjourned to-night, no platform was proposed. The only object was to devise some measures by which to defeat the Constitution. A State ticket was proposed, not with the hope that it would be elected, but to concentrate the vote of the white people of the State against the Constitution. It was supposed that it would be in favor of Hancock for President.

In the Carter Williams settlement, nine miles from Jacksonport, Arkansas, as we learn from the *Herald*, Jake Harrington was shot down and killed in cold blood by a man named Stevens. Harrington fell, and while down he was shot in the bowels and through the left shoulder. The murderer then got down from his horse, and cocked his pistol to knock his helpless victim in the head, who begged him not to bruise him, as he was bound to die, and to let him alone. Stevens then took Harrington upon his horse, and carried him about one hundred yards into the woods, and taking his saddle-blanket made a pillow for his head, and laid him down upon it, and then left him, saying he would tell Noonan where he could find him. At last accounts Stevens was still at large.

Lieutenant Hosmer has sent a "warning" to the Savannah *Advertiser*, in which he says to the commander of the post, on the part of General Meade: "The Bravet Brigadier General commanding directs me to instruct you to immediately call upon the editor of the Savannah *Advertiser* and direct him to discontinue the publication of inflammatory, threatening and intimidating articles in his paper as have of late appeared in its issues. It is a violation of General Orders, No. 51, current series, Headquarters Third Military District. If this warning is not sufficient to suppress them, you are directed to stop the publishing of the paper and close his office."

A poor woman in Prussia has lately confessed, on her death bed, to having committed a fault thirty years ago by substituting her own son for the son of a countess who had been sent to her to be nursed. The false count had gone up, married a rich lady, and is living on the estate, while the true count was brought up in poverty and ignorance, went out to service, married a plebian, and has given to reign at his deceased.

Two young ladies received the habit and white veil in Nashville on the 5th. They were Miss Lizzie McGarry, a younger sister of [illegible] at the Nashville Female Orphan Asylum, and Miss Mary Ellen Ewers—the former taking the name of sister Agnes and the latter that of sister Mary Joseph. The ceremony was performed in the chapel of St. Cecilia academy.

Loafers are to be shown but little mercy in Chicago. The Councils have passed an ordinance authorizing magistrates to fine them $50 for the first offense, $100 for the second, and $200 for the third offense, and as much thereafter as they may think proper to inflict.

GRANT DISPATCH.

A Head Runs for Office and is Defeated.

"THE WHOLE THING A FRAUD."

From the New Orleans *Tribune* of the 28th:

CITY HOWTEL, NEW ORLEANS, April 27.

I *told* them not to nominate me; that I had no thirst for office; that I was not terrible, but they said that on the coming May 1 I must serve. I protested with tears in my eyes (which stayed in) that I wanted no office, but as they forced it on me I would be compelled to forego all private considerations and sacrifice myself, my time, my influence, my city money, upon the altar (alton) of my country! On this hint I spake. "Make no gaudy chaplet," I said, "but know me as I am, the Duke Aranza." I was anonymously selected as the Republican candidate without a dissenting voice. I felt no interest in the matter except the love I bear my country, so I determined to bore my country(men) for votes.

One of my constituents, who was somewhat white, said, holding me by one ear and the only button hole left in my coat by the Republican party—says he: "My name's Jim; and I kin kontrol most ov the votes in my ward; I'll go fer you and git all the niggers in the ward to vote fer yer too, if you'll only give me a share of the losses and fuses."

Said I, "My friend, as for the fuse, you can loaf as much as you please; as for the 25, don't be too ol-fash-us!" This ended the loaf and fish business with him.

But, finally, along came another chap, a friend of mine. I knew he was a friend of mine by a remark he made; said he, patting me on the shoulder and taking me one side, "Head, my boy, you're a good fellar and mean well, but that won't win; you're a regular nominated candidate of our party, the only party as represents true sentiments of love for our country, our disunited and contracted country; as a candidate we have guessed you $250."

Says I, grasping him by the hand, and shaking it warmly, "I'm delighted to hear it, for I ain't been able to get rid of my money fast enough owing to the abundance I have on hand. I'll give you a check at once."

And I gave him a check on Jacob Barker's bank.

Grasping him by the hand, I exclaimed, with passionate emotion, "there is the sum twice told. Push not to take it—'twas dearly won."

Without looking at it, he put it into his bosom, and said, "My friend, we are organized and we shall carry the State and all the offices. We are organized sir; we have got dead loads of colored gentlemen who are registered in the out of town parishes who love their country and the old flag; and after voting in the country parishes, they will lose their papers, and come to New Orleans and vote on a show vote for you and all our loyal and martyred candidates. 'Twill be a proud day for you, my Head, when you can stand upon the battlements of the new Jerusalem, with a crown of glory encircling your brow, the tablets of the Almighty in your right hand, and a vote for the Constitution in your left. I say it will be a proud day for you then to stand up and say in the words of the 4th clause of the Constitution of our beloved Union, thereof be the descendants of Ham, for they shall come there from the four corners of the earth and herald like a Mammoth!"

He pressed my hand, and left me.

Registration day came, and with it a crowd. It was a hot day, Cal; I struggled up to the door and shook hands with a lot of my constituents, who were all sun burnt. As I did so, I felt a thrill of patriotism rush through my vitals, and I raised my hands, and putting them upon the curly heads of my different constituents, I said, in solemn accent, to my Republican friend beside me, (in the words of Hamlet): "Horatio!

"Pr'ythee, Horatio, tell me one thing!"

"What's that, my lord?"

"Dost think Alexander looked o' this fashion on the earth?"

"E'en so."

"And smelt so? Pah!"

And I took my hands from off my colored constituents, washed them (not the constituents, although they needed it, but my hands) and entered the registry office. There I found a fellah sitting at desk, with paint behind their ears, drawing $8 perdiem per day. I walked up and said "I am white." He asked me about 400 questions, and told me to hold up my right hand and swear. I held up my right hand, and he made me swear that I was born U. S. cattle and never meant to be; that I never was in a rebellion vs. the U. S., and never heard of one; that I never had done any thing in my life and never was going to again, etc., "too numerous to mention." So did Gen. Nash, Frank Bartlett, or any other good auctioneer, would say. I was then ushered to another fellah who made out a search warrant which he called it a certificate, and after answering 75 questions more, he allowed me to sign my name to the foregoing swear; I signed it thus:

"A. HEAD."

Then I went to the next fellah, who asked me some questions, and made me sign my name in what he called a oath book, which it made me swear over again. Any man would swear under the same circumstances. Then I had to go to the 4th chap, whose name was Polonius, who asked me more questions, and some interrogatories, made me sign my full name as above, and then I got my papers, and could go to commune and regale my sweet-scented constituents, and went home to my homestead.

Voting day came. I went to the postoffice to deposit my vote, and waited three hours to throw it in. When I got a chance, I cast my Whig vote over, and also my registration paper. They asked me if I was colored, how I was, and if I ever expected to do so again. I told them; and after looking through 6 or 4 books, they said my name was on the list; they then took my vote, and voted it on the 1st of April (All Fool's Day.) On-the-Other-Side-of-Canada, Ontario County, and I was told to put my vote in the letter box.

I waited to see it deposited. He said the minutes to "hoist up the right hand" and he was allowed to vote. He had 3 day's waiting on account of his fashionable office—but he had it.

He said he would vote in the country parishes, and I came home to my homestead. I am now waiting for the returns. I am sorry I was elected on account of my

Advertisements in this column will be charged ten cents per line for each insertion.

SPECIAL NOTICES, ETC.

PURE SODA WATER.—We have obtained, at great expense, and after the trial of the most approved APPARATORS ever put in operation, the manufacture of Soda Water. It is connected with a cistern of pure rain water, and as the process of its manufacture is constantly going on, it is always found Cool and Pure. Sold by the glass or bottle.
WARD & LOEBNER, Druggists.
Corner Main and Adams streets.
Opposite Worsham House.
apr30

COUGH—NO CURE NO PAY—FORREST'S JUNIPER TAR is warranted to cure Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Sore Throat and Lungs. The first dose relieves. Two to three instantaneous relief guaranteed. Try it. If not satisfied, return the empty bottle and get your money back. 25 cts. GOODYEAR & Co. Sole General Agents. Price 25 cents, which apr30

WANTS.

WANTED TO BUY—From 10 to 40 acres improved or unimproved land, near Memphis. Good Timber land, from three to six miles of Memphis, cash for low figure; also, 10 to 20 acres good Farming Land, improved, with a section range ranch for stock, not over fifteen miles from Memphis; cash for low figure. Address, stating location, quality and price, U. M. PR., No. 1 Beale street, Memphis, Tenn. apr30

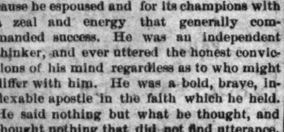
FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A two story FRAME RESIDENCE, with seven rooms, kitchen and servants' room; large back yard; good cistern, etc. Situated No. 100 Market street. For rent low to a good tenant. Apply at No. 19 Market street, or at Citizens' Union Bank. apr30

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A neat COTTAGE HOUSE containing three rooms and balance of house for five years. Apply at 176 Wolf river street, or to JACK VAUGHT.
my3

FOR SALE—Twelve A No. 1 BILLIARD TABLES. Apply to D. H. EVANS.
apr30 294 Front street.



SUNDAY, : : : : MAY 10, 1868

WE PUBLISHED yesterday the proceedings of a public meeting, held in this city to do honor to the memory of the late General WILLIAM H. CARROLL. The meeting was well attended, and composed of our oldest and most respectable citizens. It was a just tribute of respect and affection to the memory of a man who at one time commanded a greater influence than any one man in Memphis. General CARROLL was born in Nashville, Davidson county, and was in his fifty-second year at the time of his death. He was the son of Governor CARROLL, who forty years ago occupied a conspicuous place in the affections of the people of Tennessee, on account of his gallantry as a soldier, his lofty patriotism and his exalted statesmanship. General WILLIAM H. CARROLL moved to Memphis over twenty years since, and at once took a high stand as a useful citizen and a high toned gentleman. We have known him intimately for the last twelve years, and although there was much antagonism between us on the subject of State and National politics, our friendship was intimate, cordial and unbroken. So few were the vices that shaded his many virtues, that we forget the blemishes, and will not permit them to detract or disfigure those traits which bespeak nobility of nature, the social companion and the firm friend. General CARROLL had many excellent qualities which endeared him to all, and will keep his memory fresh in the hearts of those who knew him. He was charitable in the construction of the motives of men and reluctant to say or do anything that savored of unkindness. Indeed, his heart overflowed with kindness to his fellow men, with charity to their faults, and with sympathy for their sufferings. His popularity and his temperament made him a politician, and he was ever the idol of his party. He worked for the cause he espoused and for its champions with a zeal and energy that generally commanded success. He was an independent thinker, and ever uttered the honest convictions of his mind regardless as to who might differ with him. He was a bold, brave, inflexable apostle in the faith which he held. He said nothing but what he thought, and thought nothing that did not find utterance, and he was ready at all times to defend with his life the honest sentiments of his honest heart. In every position he occupied—in all the exciting political controversies through which he passed no word of suspicion was ever breathed against his integrity. The party to which he belonged made no movement in the State without consulting him. Indeed, he was the first to act and to suggest to his friends how to move. General CARROLL died an exile from the land of his birth and the home of his youth, but he was an exile without a crime. He was consistently and conscientiously an ingraned Union man, but when he saw the country involved in civil war, his own noble nature and generous instincts prompted him to take sides with his own people. On account of his known Union sentiments he was no favorite with the Confederate Government; still he was appointed a Brigadier General, and stationed at Knoxville. His conciliatory course toward the Union men of East Tennessee offended the Secretary of War at Richmond, and General CARROLL was often severely rebuked for his leniency. However, in the discharge of positive, peremptory and inexorable orders, he was forced to execute two bridge burners. For this offense he was indicted and forced to flee the State and to seek a home in a foreign land. But it was a remarkable coincident that on the very day he died a letter was received in this city announcing that he would not be molested if he should return home. Alas! that the tyrants' hearts could not have been touched sooner, and that General CARROLL could not have long since returned home where he could have died surrounded by the friends he loved and that loved him with all their ardent natures. He might have lived many years if permitted to return to the genial land for which his fond soul yearned; but absence and exile broke his strong will. Gloomy melancholy brooded over his spirits. The cloud that hung over him had no silver lining; his health declined, and he sickened and died. Peace to his ashes. Claiming to be one of his most devoted friends, we offer our condolence to the afflicted wife and family, our right to participate in their bereavement, and the privilege of paying this poor tribute to his memory.

We congratulate BRICK POMEROY of the *LaCrosse Democrat*, on his good fortune in having such an able correspondent, in this city. We allude to the individual who writes over the signature of "Special." We have read the articles of this correspondent with much interest, partly on account of their great ability, and partly because we know their author. When a boy, he was connected with the AVALANCHE, and we are rejoiced to see that the promise of his boyhood has been realized in early manhood. We regret that we are not permitted to give the name of the young gentleman who writes over the signature of "Special." His letters have much popularity, and, if true to himself, he is destined to win great distinction as a journalist. Speaking of the LaCrosse *Democrat*, we beg leave to publish the following expose of one of the many slanders which have been uttered against Mr. POMEROY, the fearless champion of the Constitution and the Southern people:

A SLANDER REFUTED—OUR EXPULSION FROM THE ARMY.

Some of our exchanges are re-circulating the story, that at one time, we were an officer in the army, but was expelled. *We never was in the army except as a newspaper correspondent*, and then only for four months in the early years of 1863.

While with the army at Helena, Arkansas, while General B. M. Prentiss, of Quincy, Illinois, was in command there, we saw so much of his stealing, speculating, lawlessness and disregard for human life, that we felt it our duty to write facts concerning matters there. And we did this at a time when paid writers in "loyal" papers were puffing him, it caused a sensation, and at first a mock trial, and the leaving of the following document, which we copy verbatim. It will be seen that the order expels us as a citizen, as we could not have been sent out had we been an officer, without due trial by court martial.

Here is the document—our badge of honor:

"HEADQUARTERS, DISTRICT OF EAST ARKANSAS,
HELENA, ARKANSAS, March 24, 1863.

"[General Orders No. 12]

"M. M. Pomeroy, a citizen of Wisconsin, having been found within the lines of the army in this District, as correspondent of the LaCrosse *Democrat*, a newspaper published at LaCrosse, Wisconsin, and there being ample evidence in the possession of the General commanding, that he has been communicating, to and publishing in said paper, over his signature as such correspondent, articles containing disloyal sentiments, and filled with remarks calculated to discourage and demoralize the army, and that he believes the war for the restoration of the Union 'a murderous crusade for cotton and niggers,' and the loyal soldiers of the armies operating in the Mississippi Valley to be a band of thieves and robbers, said M. M. Pomeroy is hereby ordered to leave the lines of this army immediately, and not to return under penalty of arrest as a spy.

"By order of Brigadier-General PRENTISS."

The entire country is familiar with the history of Arkansas while under the control of Curtis, Steele, Washburn and Prentiss, when the energies of the commanding generals were devoted, not to fighting, but to mule and cotton stealing. To have written other than we did would have been endorsing wrong, and that is not in our line.

The above being official, is, we think, sufficient to refute the slanders which many Jacobin papers are publishing against us. As a matter of justice we ask the papers that have thus wronged us to publish the above, and also desire our editorial friends of the country to do the same.

Our people are not always just, and faithful to those who have stood by them. But we intend to defend every Northern man, whether living North or South, who are true to the Constitution, and who advocate peace, fraternity, equality and justice. M. M. POMEROY is one of this class, and it is base ingratitude not to defend him from the calumnies of those who would destroy him because he has fearlessly exposed the corruptions of the villains who are seeking to bring anarchy and ruin upon the country. The malignity and venality which the despots manifest towards the friends of freedom is rendered the blacker by the refulgent virtue of the men they traduce and vilify.

TYRANNY is still reveling in the liberties of the people, and perpetrating injustice and cruelty. We have already announced how Colonel DAVID C. CROSS, of this city, has been treated in Arkansas. About three weeks since he was arrested by a military squirt called T. C. WILLIAMS, and has been kicked about the State like a dog. The offense was frivolous, and if perpetrated by a negro would not have been noticed; but Colonel CROSS has the misfortune to be a gentleman and a white man, and for daring to insult an insolent and dishonest negro he has been dragged about under guard, and cast into a filthy prison, where he was insulted and abused. For this monstrous crime he may yet find a residence at Dry Tortugas! In the telegrams published yesterday, in a dispatch dated at Selma, Alabama, we find the following, which is a shame and a disgrace to the civilized world:

On the 14th of March last, some young men of Eutaw, Green county, took part in a difficulty between a man named Hill, an infamous character, and Mr. Pettigrew, growing out of some depredations committed by Hill upon the property of Pettigrew, in which Hill was badly beaten, though not very seriously hurt. These young men were arrested by the military authorities and tried by a commission in Selma. The finding of the court and action of General Mead have just been made public. Four of the accused, who have been in close confinement since the trial began, were found not guilty and released, Pettigrew, Thomas Roberts and J. Steel were sentenced to hard labor at Dry Tortugas for two years. Frank Munday, Hugh White, John Callery and Samuel Stoogborn were sentenced to hard labor at Dry Tortugas for one year. The prisoners (handcuffed) left this evening.

What worse ever occurred on Spanish or Russian ground? And this, too, on a soil consecrated to liberty and upon the sons of sires who pledged life, fortune and honor to the cause of freedom, and who in framing a government hedged in the powers of rulers with a hedge of burning fire in the shape of a bill of rights, supposed to command the obedience of those in power for centuries past, to secure the blessings of liberty to their posterity. And yet we in this land are pouring out all the sympathies of nature for a man who sits quietly at Washington and allows these outrages by his subordinates. Strike out the "stars and stripes" from the flag and cross swords in their place.

MR. JOHN BRIGHT has announced that he will not hereafter speak out of the House of Commons.

Motley has received from the Harpers, it is said, $100,000 as his share of profits from the sale of his works.

Hepworth Dixon says that Baltimore is distinguished "by the frolic of its quays," and famous for "decorous excess in the ways of vice."

The people of New Jersey are becoming cranberry growers on a large scale. Thousands of acres, it is said, have been planted this season.

A German in New York has invented a watch which runs a year without winding. Convenient for gentlemen who are prone to substitute a candlestick for a watch key.

There is a startling commentary on the morally ruinous tendencies of the fashionable dissipation of the age, to be found in the statistics of application for admission into Binghampton Asylum for the cure of inebriates. Of the 2,153 enrolled upon the books of that institution for a certain period, 1,300 were young women, the daughters of wealthy parents.

The Chicago *Tribune* asserts that if ordinary prudence prevails in expenditure the Illinois Central Railroad, in consideration of the land grant to that corporation, will now defray all the ordinary expenses of the State Government, and in six or seven years' time, the State debt will have been wiped out, principal and interest.

A medical gentleman has invented an electric cane, with the view of self-defense against nocturnal attack. In the handle of the cane is placed an electric pile, with carbon points and a reflector. On touching a spring the apparatus works, emitting a concentrated ray of electric light, which can be thrown full in the robber's eyes, and thus defeating him, safety may be found in running away.

The ruling spirit, strong in death. Was seldom, if ever, more remarkably manifested than in the case of Colonel J. H. Foster, of the Pittsburg *Dispatch*. He died on the 21st instant, at the age of forty-six years and three days, after a protracted illness, from consumption. On the afternoon of Monday, the 20th, he visited the *Dispatch* office, and wrote the leading article for the next day's issue. While sitting in bed on Tuesday, he called for the *Dispatch*, read the paper through, and then, after a few words conversation with his wife, lay back on his pillow and quietly passed away.

TELEGRAPH

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, May 9.

General Meade telegraphs in General Grant that Florida has ratified the Constitution by probably 3000 majority, and the Reed (Radical) ticket elected by a small majority.

The official returns from all the counties in Georgia, except one, show that the Constitution is ratified by 10,000 majority. Bullock's majority is over 7000.

The Senate stands 37 Radicals and 16 Democrats, and doubtful.

The House stands 95 Radicals, 24 Democrats and 6 doubtful.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, May 9.

Weston, the pedestrian, is backed for a five thousand miles walk from from Bangor, Maine, to St. Paul, and return to Buffalo. The wager is for twenty-five hundred dollars a side, and the time one hundred days. He is not to travel on Sundays which are included in the time. He will start about the 20th of August.

Washington specials say there is a project on foot, on the removal of Johnson, to arrest and try General Lee for treason and murder. It is expected that Grant will resent this violation of the terms of his parole as a personal insult. The arrest is to be backed by Wade and other Republicans, in order to defeat Grant's Presidential aspirations, and is supposed to have been concocted by Butler and Stephens.

The *Herald's* Havana special says the case of the American steamers, Liberty and Cuba, are likely to be made an international affair.

John A. Logan, Commander-in-Chief of the Grand Army of the Republic, designates the 30th of May as the day to decorate the graves of the Federal dead.

General Lawrence, who recently fought a duel with one of the Prussian legation, sailed for his Costa Rican Mission to-day.

Judge Fields, of the Supreme Court, and Lucille Western, the actress, sailed for California to-day.

NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS, May 9.

Commissioner Shannon has dismissed the suit against General Baker for perjury in taking the oath of office, deciding that the evidence produced by the prosecution had failed to substantiate the charge.

An affidavit has been filed by one of the late registrars before the United States Commissioner, to the effect that the newly elected Republican Recorder of the First District, was not naturalized until after he was nominated to the position, and also that Parson Conway, the Radical Superintendent of Education, is not a registered citizen of Louisiana, though appearing on the ticket from the Parish of Orleans. The same affidavit states that Commissioner Shannon attempted by threats to intimidate the affiant from performing his duty according to his oath.

NASHVILLE.

NASHVILLE, May 9.

The first race to day for the Cumberland stake No. 2 of $250, for three years old. A dash of two miles was won by Pat. Molloy, who walked over the track, Smith and Duncan paying forfeits. The second race for the association purse of $300, mile heats, best three in five. Five horses started. The first heat was won by Conflict, and the next three by Coltswah. Time—1:51, 1:56, 1:50¾ and 1:51¾. The third race for beaten horses, mile heats, was won by Nellie Gwyn in two straight heats, beating Viola, Magazine, and Pat. Cleburne. Time—1:53 and 1:52¾.

RICHMOND.

RICHMOND, May 9.

The Supreme Court to-day decided that debts contracted in Confederate scrip shall be commuted at the value of the money when the debt matured, and not when it was contracted. In another decision given by the same Court, that note holders of the old banks of the State shall not have preference in any division of the assets, but depositors and all creditors shall share alike.

The memorial celebration took place to-day. Fourteen thousand graves in Oakwood Cemetery were decorated with flowers.

CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, May 9.

The Conference was mainly occupied to-day in the presentation of petitions, memorials, resolutions of many whereof were in favor of the Joy delegation.

The question of the admission of the Southern delegates was resumed.

An amendment was offered to Dr. Reddis' substitute for the report of the Special Committee. The amendment proposes to consider, first, the claims of the Mission Conference of the second class, viz.—those in the Southern States—and to leave those of the Third class (colored) to be acted upon afterwards. The subject was discussed, without action, until the adjournment.

ST. LOUIS.

ST. LOUIS, May 9.

Arrived—Adam Jacobs from Memphis.

The weather is rainy. The river rose about six inches. All the upper streams are rising.

Yesterday, about twenty miles west of Cayote, a band of Indians made an attack on the Union Pacific railroad and burned three car loads of construction material, and took down the telegraph wires.

LOUISVILLE.

LOUISVILLE, May 9.

The river is rising fast with 15 feet in the canal. The weather is clear and pleasant.

The steamer Tempest left for White River.

BALTIMORE.

BALTIMORE, May 9.

A duel occurred near here this morning between Colonel F. C. Green, of Missouri, and D. G. Wright, of this city. Both were wounded at the first fire. One party insisted upon another shot, but the seconds prevented it.

BOSTON.

BOSTON, May 9.

James D. Martin, cashier of the National Hide and Leather Bank, is a defaulter to the amount of $10,000.

CINCINNATI.

CINCINNATI, May 9.

Departed—Silver Moon for Memphis.

FOREIGN.

DUBLIN, May 9.

George Francis Train has been admitted to bail.

LONDON, May 9.

The alibi claimed by John Bright and others in the case of Barrett, one of the Clerkenwell conspirators, has been disapproved, and the sentence will be executed.

Nugent and O'Connor of the Irish Head have not been released. They will be tried next week.

The betrothal of the Princess Louise to the crown Prince of Denmark is denied.

It is rumored that an entirely new Fenian organization is to be perfected in this country on the same basis as the political secret societies in Italy, which will absorb those now in the existing circles without knowing it or consenting.

A novelty has just been taken up by itinerant venders in the streets of Paris, namely, that of straw hats, at four sous apiece. They are said to have been supplied by a merchant of Milan, who sells them at seventy francs the thousand.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FINE FURNITURE AT AUCTION
BY W. E. THOMSON & CO.
On Monday Morning, the 11th inst.
ON Thursday MORNING, the 14th, at the PARLOR of Mansion House, together with a large assortment of miscellaneous goods.
my8

GRAND DISPLAY
—AT—
MENKEN BROTHERS
—OF—
RICH AND BEAUTIFUL GOODS
CONSISTING OF
Ladies' Cambric Robes,
Children's Marseilles Suits,
Babies' Underwear and Suits,
Infants' Aprons and Dresses.
—ALSO—
Lovely Styles in New Prints
JUST OPENED
FULL LINE OF BRITISH HOSIERY
FOR LADIES, MISSES AND INFANTS.
A GRAND & LARGE STOCK
—OF—
REAL LACE & LLAMA POINTS
—ALSO—
Complete Outfits for Brides
my10

A. SESSEL & SON,
259 MAIN STREET, 259
Have Just Received
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DRY GOODS
IN THE CITY.

HANDSOME
AVERY STREET RESIDENCE
—AND—
FURNITURE AT PUBLIC SALE
ON THURSDAY NEXT, May 14, upon the premises, No. 19 Avery street, I will sell my handsome Residence, which, on account of my family's state of health requires me to move to a warmer climate. Also, at the same time, the handsome and commodious Residence which he has hitherto occupied, on Avery street, one of the most pleasant locations in this section of the city. Said house is in repair, and contains seven rooms, with every convenience for the use of a comfortable family. Also, at the same time, all of my Household Furniture.
TERMS:
For the Furniture cash; for the Real Estate, third cash, balance one and two years, with interest, secured by deed in trust. Title perfect.
ROBERTS, TREZEVANT & CO.,
Auctioneers.
my10

Trustees' Sale.
BY virtue of a deed of trust to me executed by P. Weeche, on the 26th day of September, 1865, which deed is of record in the Register's office of Shelby county, in book No. 31, part 2, pages 712, 713, 714, to secure to C. D. Nolan the payment of a note of certain even tenor specified, and whereas the first of said notes is due and past, and accordingly, now, therefore, by virtue of the power in me vested by said deed of trust, I will,
On Monday, the 1st day of June, 1868,
Between the hours of 11 a.m. and 1 p.m. in front of the Post office, on the corner of Jefferson and Third streets, in the city of Memphis, proceed to sell to the highest bidder, for cash, the property in said deed conveyed and described thus: Being lot No. 7 in block No. 2 in the city of Memphis, except thirty feet off the east end, according to the plan of said city of Memphis, by Bowman & Hunt, surveyors, which said lot has a front of one hundred and thirty-five feet on Jackson street, and extends back of same width, preserving said street, running back between parallel lines one hundred and seventy feet.
Terms cash. This believed to be good, but I only convey as trustee. The entire equity of redemption waived.
JOHN F. TREZEVANT,
my10 Trustee.

ELEGANT GOODS
AT
L. KREMER'S
RECEIVED THIS DAY, a large variety of the Latest Styles of
TRIMMINGS, BUTTONS, ETC.
25 cases more Straw Goods, Latest Styles out.
Kid Gloves, Fancy Soiled,
Ladies' and Children's Garments,
Fans, Parasols the Latest Styles.
Jy8 tuthsa

Dissolution.
THE firm of J. B. Montgomery & Co. is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business will be settled by J. B. Montgomery, who will continue the business.
J. B. MONTGOMERY,
J. C. MERRY,
C. H. BROOKS.
my8
GROOMS, MERRY & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers and Provision
DEALERS,
Nos. 5 and 7 Second street, between Gayoso and Madison,
my7 MEMPHIS, TENN.

Administrator's Notice of the County Court of Shelby County, Tennessee.
In the matter of the estate of Mathew Cummins, deceased.
NOTICE is hereby given that I have obtained letters of administration on the estate of Mathew Cummins, deceased, from the County Court of Shelby county, Tennessee, and all persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to present them to me for payment within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.
This 4th day of May, 1868.
JOHN CUMMINS,
my5 Administrator.

AUCTION.
Thirty-five Year Lease for Sale
AT AUCTION.
ON TUESDAY, the 12th instant, at 11 a.m., we shall proceed to sell at public auction, on the premises, 191 Gayoso, on account of the Executor of said premises, for thirty-five years, the Lease, a front of 25 feet by 100 deep to an alley, which good Brick Tenement, containing a store, with four rooms in the back part, with kitchen, cistern, etc.
Terms made known on day of sale.
W. E. PASSMORE & CO.,
my8 Auctioneers.

Attractive Sale of Millinery Goods at Auction
BY A. M. STODDARD & CO.
WEDNESDAY MORNING we will sell a full line of Millinery Goods.
A. M. STODDARD, Auctioneer.
my8

CHANCERY SALE
OF
CITY AND SUBURBAN PROPERTY,
BELONGING to the estate of Colonel James A. Circle, deceased. On TUESDAY, May 19, we will sell, for the Clerk and Master in Chancery, at public auction, on which Col. James A. Circle formerly resided, on Brinkley avenue, near the Fair Grounds, with a large front also on the Memphis and Charleston railroad, the following described property, to-wit:
Lot No. —, Fourth ward; Lot No. —, Fifth ward; Lot No. —, Sixth ward; Lot No. —, Seventh ward; three other lots in the Fifth ward, and the following three beautiful Lake Lot situated adjoining and fronting the Lake Shore Park.
This desirable property will be sold on very easy terms, as we desire to accommodate persons of small capital. A portion of which Col. James A. Circle formerly resided, on Brinkley avenue, near the Fair Grounds, with a large front also on the Memphis and Charleston railroad, the following described property, to-wit:
Also, on THURSDAY, May 21, we will sell, for the Clerk and Master in Chancery, at public auction, on which Col. James A. Circle formerly resided, on Brinkley avenue, near the Fair Grounds, with a large front also on the Memphis and Charleston railroad, the following described property, to-wit:
Lot No. —, Fourth ward; Lot No. —, Fifth ward; Lot No. —, Sixth ward; Lot No. —, Seventh ward; three other lots in the Fifth ward, and the following three beautiful Lake Lot situated adjoining and fronting the Lake Shore Park.
This desirable property will be sold on very easy terms, as we desire to accommodate persons of small capital. A portion of

THE DAILY AVALANCHE.

SUNDAY : : : : MAY 10, 1868

OFFICIAL JOURNAL.

OF THE CITY AND BOARD OF SCHOOL VISITORS.

Officers and conductors of railroads are requested to give no free transportation to any one on the credit of the Avalanche.

S. C. GALLAWAY & CO.

Religious Notices.

Rev. Dr. Mann will preach in the First Presbyterian church, corner Third and Poplar streets, this morning at eleven o'clock.

Elder T. W. Caskey will preach at the Linden street Christian church at eleven a.m. and eight p.m. to-day. Subject for the morning discourse, "The Second Appearing of Christ."

STRAWBERRY FESTIVAL.—All preparations having been made, the strawberry festival, for the benefit of St. Mary's Episcopal Church, will commence in Ayres Block, 272 Second street, to-morrow night. Young ladies and misses, by scores, will be there, and of course the beaux will be in attendance.

There will be a meeting of the Industrial Aid Society at their rooms, in Stillman Block, Monday, 11th instant, at ten o'clock a.m. It is hoped the members, as well as officers, will be present. The society would inform the public that they are prepared to do all kinds of work at reasonable prices.

MRS. S. C. LAW, President.
MRS. S. B. WILLIAMSON, Vice Pres't.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

E. H. Mix intends starting a carpet-bag organ at Osceola, Ark.

Stock thieves are depredating heavily in the region of Germantown.

Eight cases occupied the Police Court yesterday morning.

We had the pleasure of a call yesterday from Mr. J. W. Eystra, representing the St. Louis *Times*.

Judge Smith arrived by last evening's down train from Brownsville. The Supreme Court there adjourned yesterday until Tuesday morning.

We are indebted to Mr. W. M. Gonnes, who returned from Nashville last night, for late Nashville papers.

There seems to be no doubt that the St. George's and St. Andrew's societies will jointly celebrate Queen Victoria's birthday by a picnic.

A man named N. D. Kinz was arraigned by Esq Kleiser yesterday to enter into $1,000 bonds to answer the charge of perjury.

We have received a Jefferson (Texas) weekly paper called the *Ultra Ku-Klux*, the second number of which was issued on the 30th ultimo.

Mr. Simon Wile, an old and esteemed citizen of Grenada, Mississippi, died a few days since.

Major B. H. Shepherd, Internal Revenue Collector for North Mississippi, having resigned, Major W. W. Willis, of Corinth, has been appointed.

We had the pleasure of meeting, yesterday, Captain Sam P. Rose, of the Tipton *Record*, and are glad to learn that his enterprising journal is prospering.

Clothing valued at $100 was stolen from J. M. Connelly, No. 90 Robinson street, Friday night Robert Fox, (colored) 166 DeSoto street, also complains of a clothing theft.

Pat Mallews, the negro who walked into an unconscious white man on Dr. McPherson's premises the other morning, and successfully caught a few buckshot, is still alive.

Doc. Smith, a negger mackerel, has been ordered arrested on a warrant charging him with enticing into a house of ill fame the wife of a colored brother named John Tailes.

Andrew Connell, who is doubtless an ornament to humanity and a bright exemplar of the christian virtues, was arrested yesterday for peeping through a key hole in the door of the ladies' delivery at the postoffice.

Jack Ackerman and another mackerel named Jack Kelley endeavored to escape from deputy constables Madden and Arata yesterday morning, but they were captured and properly committed by Esquire Millard for watch stealing.

Henry Austin, (colored), was so badly beaten in an affray near the Memphis and Louisville railroad, that his recovery is doubtful. Louis Rights and Stephen Perkins are accused of the assault, and the former has been arrested.

As the dispatches insist in distancing and beating Costillo's mare, Agnes Donovan, in the Nashville races, it is proper to mention that she went with Brady's stable to St. Louis. The Donovan referred to is one of Franklin's three year old colts,

Some time since, Attorney-General Wallace, of the Criminal Court, forwarded his resignation to Governor Brownlow, to be so regarded should Mr. R. H. Thorne be appointed to the position. The request was complied with, and Mr. Thorne was appointed on the 7th.

John King, whose attempt in Chelsea to "shuffle off this mortal coil" by introducing the contents of a Deringer pistol into his head we mentioned yesterday, will doubtless recover. It is understood that previous to the effort he threw himself outside of a large quantity of "tushead."

Mr. Jerichu is again in trouble. He is charged with forging August Vaughi's name to an attachment and taking possession of a sofa. Henry Vesperman, wized up in the transaction in some way, was also arrested. A ram's horn, once placed the deuce with Jericho of old, but a warrant from Esq. Foley did the business this time.

Yesterday morning at three o'clock the down passenger train on the Memphis and Louisville railroad met with an accident at Milan, which caused a detention of several hours. The fender and baggage car were thrown from the track, and the latter broke loose from the train and rolled down a considerable embankment. The former were with but were not hurt. No one was injured beyond a slight scratch.

MISSION AT ST. PATRICK'S CHURCH.—Father Smith, of New Orleans, and Father Quigley, of Cape Girardeau, have arrived in the city for the purpose of conducting a mission at St. Patrick's Church, corner of Linden and DeSoto streets. The initiatory sermon was preached by Father Smith last evening, and a good audience was in attendance. They were regularly announced at the usual hour past ten o'clock this morning. The Rev. Father Hennessy, of St. Louis, whose eloquence created such a marked impression last year, will arrive in a few days and take part in the exercises at St. Patrick's during the mission.

The largest stock of mascelles and plugs in the city, at A. Seessel & Son's, 259 Main street. tf

Straw, pith, cork and silk summer hats, at Leidy's, opposite the square. 7t

Prints "that are prints," 10 cents; nice linen lawns, 20 cents; beautiful lawns, 20 cents. Great bargains in new spring dress goods, at H. Lowenstine & Bros., No. 231 Main street. tf

Don't forget that our sale at cost for boots, shoes and hats still continues at old stand, 279 Main street. tf J. T. HARDAN & Co.

G. G. R.—To dissipate those dull headaches and shout a chill, the Great General Restorative is warranted the only effectual remedy. Take it freely. For sale at Forster, Kealhofer & Co.'s, 259 Main street. 1m

CHANCE FOR A FORTUNE.—The Paschall House Association scheme, for the distribution of five hundred prizes, valued at half a million of dollars, is attracting considerable attention here, as well as at other points throughout the country. There is no doubt of its success, and the 1st of June, on which day the drawing takes place, is close at hand, leaving a limited period for those desiring to invest to purchase tickets. We have received every assurance that the scheme, as described in the circulars, which are to be found at Mr. E. S. Plummer's store, No. 212, Front street, the agent for this city, and whom we can safely indorse as a fair dealing man, is one of the best and fairest ever arranged on a lottery plan. The Association is composed of some of the very first men of St. Louis, among whom are Alex. Kelsey, W. P. Billings, the Boogher Bros., B. S. Lenham, the manager, and Bartow & Dai Able. The two latter gentlemen, both well known here, are a sufficient guarantee that no injustice will be done to any who may invest in the enterprise. The Governor of Missouri, and Mayor of St. Louis, have publicly indorsed the scheme, and certify that it is in the hands of men who will act fairly. Owing to the many disreputable lottery schemes that have swindled the confiding people of the West, it was thought proper to give every assurance that there will be no unfairness or swindling attempted in this enterprise. Mr. Lenham, the Manager, is the same that conducted the well known Smith Hill and Farm Association so successfully and fairly. He has received the thanks publicly of McCurdy and Waulch, the lucky holders of the winning tickets in that celebrated scheme, and, having dissolved all connection with other affairs, devotes himself entirely to the scheme in which he is now engaged. He is determined to carry it to a successful termination. This is no play-thing enterprise, made up to draw money from the poor people, for the benefit of a few irresponsible persons, but a carefully arranged and honest, well-conducted lottery, a large portion of the proceeds of which are to be donated to the orphans of St. Louis. Several citizens are now being formed in this city, one consisting of twenty gentlemen. If anything is to be drawn, will divide the amount equally between each other who enters the club. We hear of another club of young gentlemen, fifty in number, on the same terms, and have no doubt they would be a large body to invest in. The tickets are only five dollars, and any information concerning them, together with circulars describing the scheme, can be obtained of Mr. E. S. Plummer, No. 212 Front street. He is selling large numbers of tickets every day.

THE LATE CYCLONE.

Particulars of its Sweep Across Three Counties in West Tennessee.

Great Destruction of Property, and Several Lives Lost.

Farms Ruined, Houses Demolished, and Stock Killed.

The late terrible cyclone which passed through or touched Lauderdale, Haywood and Gibson counties, and was reported exclusively by the AVALANCHE, proved, on further investigation by our reporter, who passed over two miles of the track, to be more disastrous than first described.

The storm has not been heard from any further southwest than Hatchie river. It first appeared Wednesday afternoon, about two o'clock, at Whitley's Ashy, some twenty miles west of Brownsville. One of the first places damaged was Dr. Henning's, as described yesterday morning. Two negroes were killed on his place. Maxi his brother's and mother's fields were swept over by the invisible and gathering furies, and their property all wrecked or destroyed. Stock was killed, fine carriages and buggies shivered to fragments, grain scattered to the winds, fur niture broken and carried away, orchards ruined, and devastation complete. Next in the line the places of Mr. Wm. Turner and Mr. Jon Hardin, were visited in like manner.

Mr. Hannan Goss and son shared a similar fate, and all of Mr. Wm. McCormick's houses and outhouses, except one, were demolished, with other damages in proportion. The male academy south of Durhamville was not only uncoiled as stated yesterday, but demolished and blown away. The foregoing pieces are all within a space of four or five miles, and were owned by prosperous people, well off, and some of them affluent. Thus far we have not left Lauderdale county. Crossing the Maywood line, we come upon the sad wreck of Mr. Wm. Capell's magnificent place. His fine house scattered for miles, his carriages broken to pieces, stock carried away and ruin spread on every hand. One negro child was killed at this place. The next sufferer to a great extent was Mr. Thomas Scott. He had a nice place and it fared like the rest.

The wreck at Mrs. Holloway's has been described before; her loss is several thousand dollars. Many others in the track suffered severely, but we were unable to learn particulars and names. James Langley, the engineer, was suffering severely at last accounts. Five or six negroes in all, south of Mrs. Holloway's, principally children, were killed. A few miles north of Mrs. Holloway's the cyclone, which had only been three hundred yards wide, veered to the west, and spread over a belt of woods of four or five hundred yards. It seemed to rise and fall like waves; at some points the trees were broken off high among the branches and again snapped at the very ground.

Crossing Forked Deer river the rotary storm struck the Memphis and Ohio Railroad just above Bell's station, seventy miles from Memphis, and fifteen miles above Brownsville. Here the storm was not so great there, but half the trees in its track were blown or twisted down, fences were blown away and such small domestic game as chickens, ducks and geese disappeared marvelously and have not been heard from since.

Mr Robert Cousins, living just below Bell's station, on the place of Mr. Glen. Clay, of Memphis, lost over seventy-five fruit trees and all his fencing.

A man at Bell's was blown over a wood-pile and took a stump during the rest of the storm for anchor and cable.

Four miles east of Bell's, Mr. Casey lost all his stock and fencing. A yearling was found, at a distance from his usual stamping ground, lodged in a tree top, and taken down in good order.

Mat Boykin, still further east, had a fine two story house destroyed; nothing is left but the sills. A negro man on the place was killed by a piece of timber, and two others were killed in the neighborhood.

Logan Williams, in the same neighborhood, had a nice farm and handsome improvements all destroyed, and his farm covered with fallen timber. Mr. Mitchell's residence was destroyed, and other damages sustained. Those places mentioned south of the Memphis and Ohio railroad, are in Gibson county.

The storm crossed the Mobile and Ohio railroad about three miles south of Humbolt, and the track was so damaged that when the up train came along soon afterwards the engine and express car were thrown from the track, and the mail-bags were damaged over one hundred yards. Express packages were considerably damaged, and one or two persons slightly hurt.

East of the Mobile road, a double log-house, belonging to Mrs. Miller, was blown to pieces, and the lady found herself in the midst of the ruins uninjured.

S. M. Mullins, in the vicinity, lost a good residence, some stock and grain, and all his outhouses.

A man named Birdsong, or some such name, has a pious wife, or at least one who prays in a storm. She got down on her knees to put up a supplication, and urged her husband to do the same. He said it was no use; they were gone to the d——anyhow. But the storm passed over them, and they were unhurt.

How much further the storm went we do not know. It may have continued in Middle Tennessee, as a similar storm occurred an hour or two later, the same afternoon, in Rutherford, Warren and other counties in that section.

The space we have described includes about thirty-five miles. Scores of people along the track, whose names and losses we hastily learn to their neighbors, suffered considerably. Many farms are ruined for the summer and will be virtually abandoned.

One more incident and we drop the subject for the present. A large tree was blown across the track of the Memphis and Ohio railroad, about one and a half miles above Bell's Station, at a point where it could be seen for a short distance. A young boy named Jones made the discovery, and knowing the up train would be along in a short time, started down the road at full speed, and soon met the train. Seeing at a glance the danger, he increased his speed, and succeeded by his violent demonstrations in stopping it. Thus a terrible accident was averted, and probably many valuable lives saved. We suggest that the company and the public should look up that boy and recognize his services by a substantial testimonial. It would reward a good act and encourage others.

The notorious Blowit has gone to Washington. Rumor announces that he is after a lordship of some sort. Having nearly exhausted the funds of the county it is found necessary to turn to other pickings.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—The auction sale at Strauss & Blum's, of dry goods, etc., will be continued for two days longer.

GROCERIES, COTTON AND COMMISSION.—A new advertisement of Messrs. Forster, Kealhofer & Co., appears elsewhere. This house does a general grocery, cotton and commission business, and deals in plantation supplies. The members of the firm are stirring, competent business men, and have already pushed their establishment to a prominent position among our business houses. They keep a large stock of groceries, provisions and plantation supplies on hand. See card.

Alexandre's kids, new shades, just received at A. Seessel & Son's. tf

Our summer hats are very neat—Leidy & Co., Hatters, 269 Main street, opposite the square. 7t

NEW GOODS.—Our lady friends and others desiring to inspect a magnificent stock of dry goods should call at A. Seessel & Son's, Main street. They are constantly receiving from the East, and are making a most attractive display. This is one of the most staunch, reliable houses in Memphis, and the goods it contains can be relied on as proving exactly what they are represented. We shall not attempt, particularly, but advise the public to go and inspect for themselves.

The largest stock and cheapest price clothing, hats and boots in the city, at A. Seessel & Son's. tf

Fine assortment of stock and for sale by Blakemore & Co., 318 Second street.

For Saturday, only, a large lot of bedding will not fail to be sold, both as regards quality and terms, at Sutton & Price's Jew Store, under the Commercial Hotel. Cards, bill heads, circulars, dray tickets, letter heads, handbills, programmes, posters and every description of printing furnished at short notice and in fine style. Leave your orders.

We always have the latest and best hats—Leidy & Co., hatters, No. 269 Main street, opposite the square. 7t

Pittsburg and Kentucky coal and gas coke, Brown & Jones, office 247 Second street. tf

The Chinese Hat, in straw and pith, at Leidy's, opposite the square, No. 269. 7t

Illusion waist, latest styles, at A. Seessel & Son's, 259 Main street. tf

Prints "that are prints," 10 cents; ladies' fine white Lisle thread hose, 25 cents; gents' best British half hose, 25 cents. J. H. Lowenstine & Bros., No. 231 Main street.

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IMPORTANT TO BUSINESS MEN.

The Question of Right of Transfer or Assignment of State and County Licenses.

Important Opinion of Attorney General Wallace, of the Criminal Court.

We print below correspondence in whose perusal all who pay State and county taxes will feel interested. It bears upon the question of the transfer or assignment of State and county licenses. According to the enforcement of the County Court Clerk two or more licenses are not unfrequently required for a single establishment, although nothing can be more clear than that the law contemplates the exaction of but one tax. Attorney General Wallace has given a clear construction of the section of the Code alluded to, and it is to be hoped there will be no more trouble about it:

MEMPHIS, May 8, 1868.

Mr. Attorney General Wallace:

SIR—For the benefit of the general public, and especially with reference to the rights of several of my own immediate clients, I desire your opinion upon and construction of section 703 of the Code. The special purpose of this inquiry is for information and direction how Mr. Partridge, County Court Clerk, as to the right or transfer or assignment of license, State and County, for any character of business, and the duties and rights of the assignee thereunder. Your full opinion thereon in writing is respectfully asked.

Very truly, your friend and obedient servant,

G. P. FOUTE.

MEMPHIS, TENN., May 9, 1868.

G. P. Foute, Esq.:

DEAR SIR—Your note of inquiry is before me. The language of the section, to which you refer, is quite explicit, yet guided by the obvious intention of the Legislature, in the passage of the law, I see no difficulty in determining its proper construction. All the sub-sections of section 703 involve the same principle; I will therefore take the first for our immediate investigation, which reads:

"In case of the sale of the stock or business, the person making the sale shall immediately go before the Clerk of the County Court, and make affidavit of the amount on which he is then bound to pay taxes, and pay the same and surrender the original license of the purchaser of the stock or business, unless he be a person already licensed; shall at the same time make a statement, on oath, of the amount, if any, that has been added by him to the stock or business, and pay the amount due on the same, and take out a license as an original applicant."

Let us suppose that A. has obtained a license costing, say, $150, and at the expiration of four months he sells his stock and lease to B., when they go to the Clerk, and A. surrenders his license and B takes out his, in accordance with the provisions of the subsection above quoted. Does A loose the $100 paid for the privilege for the other eight months? For what length of time must B take out his license? as an original applicant? These questions are answered by the language of the Code in sub section 1st, but when construed by the language of the first part of section 703, they must receive such answers as will give B the full benefit of the money paid by A, when the original license was obtained; for the language is that "the right to sell goods or to exercise a privilege in any county for one year conferred upon this granted (A) by the license from the Clerk of the County Court, may be issued by him (A) in another county, or by a purchaser (B) of his (A's) stock or trade, or by a new firm formed, etc." It is clear, from these express provisions, that by an agreement between A and B, in the manner specified in sub-section 1, B can have the full benefit of the money paid by A for the remaining eight months. I think the Clerk should charge A a single fee for the transfer, from date of the surrender of the original license by A, and let the $100 be applied as so much cash in the transaction, actually paying but $50, which, with the single fee, will be all that the law and construction does till justice to the county and State, and surely the Legislature at the time of the passage of this law did not intend to do a gross injustice to the citizen.

I am very respectfully,

Your obed't servant,

W. WALLACE, Att'y Gen.

RUSSELL'S DISPENSARY.—This long established asylum for the afflicted under the efficient and careful supervision of Dr. Russell, a thoroughly graduate and old practitioner of medicine, is being generally sought by those who have at other hands sought relief from chronic and sexual afflictions and found it not. Dr. Russell's cures are effected by the use of no poisonous drugs, leaving the system unshattered and vitalizing counter diseases only less dreaded because less understood, but by eradicating every taint from the blood. His cures are permanent and enduring. Hundreds of heads of families restored to health by his treatment is the amplest attestation of this fact. The Doctor can be consulted in private at the Dispensary between the hours of nine a.m. and one p.m. on Monday, and between eight a.m. and eight p.m. on all other days.

Miles' shoes, at A. Seessel & Son's, 259 Main street. tf

Prints "that are prints," 10 cents; nice linen lawns, 20 cents; beautiful lawns, 20 cents. Great bargains in new spring dress goods, at H. Lowenstine & Bros., No. 231 Main street. tf

SPRING AND SUMMER STYLES OF HATS.—Those who look into Leidy & Co.'s new store, 269 Main street, opposite Court Square, will observe a splendid selection of hats for spring and summer wear, embracing all the latest and best styles, from the finest silk to the cheapest wool hat, with a crown large as a rose leaf. The stock was carefully selected by Mr. Leidy, who is thorough in the business, and purchased with the determination to please. It requires only a call and inspection to convince those that he has succeeded. There is no style of hats worn that he cannot fit customers in, and as he buys and sells exclusively for cash, he is able to serve at the lowest possible figures. Walk in and take a look at the stock.

Prints "that are prints," 10 cents; large stock of alapacas at 30 cents; mohair dress goods, 25 cents. J. H. Lowenstine & Bros., No. 231 Main street.

Lumber, Shingles and Laths can be bought low of B. K. Plain & Co., 304 Second street. 1m

Get one of Leidy & Co.'s summer hats, the coolest in the city, opposite the square. 7t

MEMPHIS AND LOUISVILLE RAILROAD.—We are informed that a train of seven cars left the Memphis and Louisville depot yesterday with a very large picnic party for Bartlett, to enjoy the day and spend the evening with a entertainment to come off there that they might not be disappointed. Arrangements have been made by which those grounds are rendered very desirable for such gatherings. This line under its new management is improving steadily. Trains are run with great promptness and regularity, and are receiving a great proportion of the increased trade to Northern and Eastern cities. It certainly offers advantages unsurpassed by any other route.

Doors, Glass, Sash and Blinds can be bought low at B. K. Plain & Co.'s, 304 Second street. 1m

Mr. Charles A. Beehn's job printing office, No. 7 Madison street, turns out first rate work, and his charges are very moderate. He does every kind of printing from the smallest dray ticket to a mammoth poster, plain or in as many colors as the rainbow, and labors to please. Those wanting anything in his line had better call on him promptly and cheaply.

Lonsdale cambric, very low, by the piece, at A. Seessel & Son's, 259 Main street. tf

In giving an account of the new medical discovery and the philosophy of natural medication by plant restoratives, the name of the author was omitted, though we believe it was pretty generally known the matter is attracting so much interest. To bear our business talkers at the Overton you would think that the elixir of life, the fabled fountain and the mysteries of the alchemists were all combined in the Bitters, which we do not pretend to deny if all is true we hear about it.

By order of the District Court of the United States, W. Y. Cirode, assignee, will sell at the auction house of A. S. Levy & Co., No. 227 Second street, Monday, at ten o'clock a.m., groceries, liquors, teas, cigars, boots, shoes, leather, hats, notions, school-books, etc., belonging to the estates of Conaway, Jones & Tate, Omer Appy, Solomon Isaacs, and C. H. Brown, in bankruptcy.

NUT COAL.—A fresh supply just received and for sale by Brown & Jones, 247 Second street. tf

DEATH OF JUDGE WICKLIFFE.—Judge Albert G. Wickliffe, formerly chancellor, died of a pulmonary affection at his residence in Cleveland, Tennessee, Monday the 4th inst. He was a brother-in-law of our distinguished fellow citizen, Col. Moses White.

THE TURFITES.—The trot between Geoghegan's "Sam Patch" and Leidy's "Old Joe" Association Course yesterday was quite spirited, considerable money being staked on the result. It was a best three in five, five heats being required to win. Geoghegan's horse was the victor.

LAGER.—No. 84½ Adams street, is the only place in Memphis for saloon keepers to purchase the Dubuque lager, which is fully equal to Cincinnati. Go and see them.

Embroidered points, infants robes, and materials for same, at A. Seessel & Son's, 259 Main street. tf

Straw, pith, cork and silk summer hats, at Leidy's, opposite the square. 7t

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THE NASHVILLE RACES.

Thursday and Friday.

We subjoin from Friday's *Union and Dispatch*:

The first race was for Cumberland Stake, No. 1, for three year olds, mile heats, two in three, entrance $100 each, $50 forfeit, $500 added by the Association. Seven horses were entered, viz: Ben Ficklin, Lizzie Lucas, Maggie Hunter, Rosseau, Lizzie Lucas colt, Chickamauga and Viola Fourth. Ben Ficklin was withdrawn. The horses appeared promptly on the track and in fine condition. The friends of Rosseau seemed to be inspired with renewed confidence upon the appearance of their favorite. With his handsomely developed muscle, he soon showed that he was all right for such a heat or race.

Maggie Hunter, Rosseau and Chickamauga were the favorites in the betting. The latter made a splendid effort made by her for position, but gradually commenced losing ground, and at the commencement of the last mile was fully two lengths behind Rosseau and more seriously distanced from Maggie Hunter. Rosseau came under the wire the winner of the first heat by a length and a half, Maggie Hunter second, Chickamauga third, Lizzie Lucas fourth, Lizzie Lucas colt fifth, Viola Fourth sixth. Time, 1:49½.

The horses were brought to the score for the second heat, Chickamauga second, Maggie Hunter next, and Rosseau the outside. A good send off was had. Rosseau promptly took the lead, and Chickamauga, Maggie Hunter and Lizzie Lucas struggled for second position. Rosseau came under the wire a winner by a length, with Chickamauga at her side, Maggie a good fourth. At the first quarter, which is reached in twenty-eight seconds, Maggie Hunter, tired of this position, moves elegantly to the front with apparent ease, passing under the wire using a good length ahead of Chickamauga, who is second, Rosseau third, Lizzie Lucas fourth, Lizzie Lucas colt fifth, Viola Fourth sixth. Time, 1:48½. Maggie Hunter, tired of her position, moves elegantly to the front with apparent ease, passing under the wire using a good length ahead of Chickamauga, who is second, Rosseau third, Lizzie Lucas fourth, Lizzie Lucas colt fifth, Viola Fourth sixth. Time, 1:48½. Rosseau, Chickamauga and Maggie Hunter were withdrawn, and Viola and Lizzie Lucas colt ran a dead heat for fourth and fifth money, which was divided, and Viola Fourth was distanced.

The second race was for the Association purse of two hundred dollars; dash of two miles.

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The telegraph has announced that the races on Friday were won respectively by Pat. Malloy Chickamauga and Kalmalaka. We lead the following particulars from a friend:

In the first race, won by Pat. Malloy, Ooltowah was second, Little Edith third, Viola fourth, Jack Hals fifth and Magnolia last.

In the two mile heats chickamauga won the first, Conflict the second and Chickamauga the third, Maggie Hunter being distanced in the last heat.

In the third race Kalmalaka won in straight heats, Edith being second in both heats.

THE COURTS.

LAW COURT—*James O. Pierce, Judge.*—The case of Pillow vs. Memphis and Charleston Railroad Company occupied the attention of the Court on yesterday. The case did not close, however, and will be continued on Monday next. The following roster of business matters ordered by the Court for the ensuing week: Monday, May 11, and Tuesday, May 12, the motion docket will be called and disposed of, the same being the last days for motions during the present term. On Wednesday, May 13, and Thursday 14, writs of inquiry will be executed. On Friday, May 15, dockets will be called for the arrest of judgment will be heard. All the cases undisposed of on the present docket will be the first cases set for trial on the calendar, at the June Term, 1868.

MUNICIPAL COURT.—*Geo. W. Waldran, Judge.*—There was no Court held on yesterday, it having adjourned over to Monday next, on Friday last. On Monday motions will be heard.

CHANCERY COURT.—*Wm. M. Smith, Chancellor.*—The May term of this Court meets on Monday next, pursuant to adjournment. Nearly seven hundred cases appear on the docket for the term.

The clerk and Master will take an account on Monday next in the case of Clark et al. vs. Clark et al.

The hearing docket will be called on Monday next.

CRIMINAL COURT.—*Wm. Hunter, Judge.*—Yesterday Jerry Williams, negro, found guilty of murder during the present term, was sentenced by Judge Hunter to the penitentiary for life.

Lucinda Coy, negress, found guilty of larceny during the present term, was sentenced to three years' imprisonment in the penitentiary.

The motion in arrest of judgment in the case of E. Mallin, convicted of grand larceny, was argued and the motion sustained.

Court adjourned over to Wednesday next, on which day the motion for a new trial and in arrest of judgment in the case of E. Martin will be heard and considered.

BANKRUPT COURT.—*T. J. Latham, Register.*—*Proving Debts in Bankruptcy.*—Many creditors of bankrupts have not proved because they had notes and judgments, or other securities, and supposed that by not proving their debts they would be able to prove and file their claims in a collateral manner after the bankrupt had received his discharge, and go before their assignee and depose to their debts as required by the act; or they will have no rights under the proceedings in bankruptcy. This is not so, at any time before final discharge. The cost is one dollar in ordinary cases, and but by an agreement between A and B, in the manner specified in sub-section 1, B can have the full benefit of the money paid by A for the remaining eight months. I think the Clerk should charge A a single fee for the transfer, from date of the surrender of the original license by A, and let the $100 be applied as so much cash in the transaction, actually paying but $50, which, with the single fee, will be all that the law and construction does till justice to the county and State, and surely the Legislature at the time of the passage of this law did not intend to do a gross injustice to the citizen.

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NUT COAL.—A fresh supply just received and for sale by Brown & Jones, 247 Second street. tf

DEATH OF JUDGE WICKLIFFE.—Judge Albert G. Wickliffe, formerly chancellor, died of a pulmonary affection at his residence in Cleveland, Tennessee, Monday the 4th inst. He was a brother-in-law of our distinguished fellow citizen, Col. Moses White.

THE TURFITES.—The trot between Geoghegan's "Sam Patch" and Leidy's "Old Joe" Association Course yesterday was quite spirited, considerable money being staked on the result. It was a best three in five, five heats being required to win. Geoghegan's horse was the victor.

LAGER.—No. 84½ Adams street, is the only place in Memphis for saloon keepers to purchase the Dubuque lager, which is fully equal to Cincinnati. Go and see them.

Embroidered points, infants robes, and materials for same, at A. Seessel & Son's, 259 Main street. tf

SESSION OF THE MEMPHIS PRESBYTERY.

EDITORS AVALANCHE: This body was convened according to adjournment, at Woodlawn church, on Thursday evening, 30th April instant.

Sermon by Rev. S. B. O. Wilson, the Moderator of the last Presbytery.

After the sermon the Presbytery was organized by electing Rev. T. D. Witherspoon, Moderator, and Rev. D. H. Cummings, temporary Clerk; and thereupon, the Presbytery adjourned until Friday morning, at half-past eight o'clock.

There was a very full attendance of both Ministers and Elders—nearly all the churches in the bounds of this Presbytery being represented. A considerable amount of business was transacted, much of it of a local character, which was a great disposition in the finances of the country, which the Church severely feels.

Two brother Ministers were added to the Presbytery, viz: Rev. Mr. Watson and Rev. Mr. Malily.

We had fine preaching, a good attendance generally, and on Saturday the Presbytery adjourned to meet in LaGrange on Thursday before the first Sabbath in October next, 1868.

MAMMOTH EDITION OF "THE BAPTIST."—50,000 *Copies at Least*, 100,000 *if Possible*.—We shall issue on the first day of July next the first number of the second volume of The Baptist. Having gained in one year the largest circulation of any paper in the South, we propose to celebrate its anniversary by issuing the largest paper and the largest edition ever issued in the South. The mammoth edition will contain ninety-six columns of printed matter.

The following articles will appear: One or more prize essays will appear, an Answer to Arest, Dr Curry's Anniversary Sermon before the Southern Baptist Convention, Sketches of the West Itself Moving West—an article of great value and interest, a Note Book entitled The Year of Jubilee—brief, entire, and many other articles. In short, no pains or expense will be spared to fill these columns with the most readable matter to be found in the pens of our best writers can prepare.

To Advertisers.—We propose to offer 400 squares in the mammoth edition, to select and valuable advertisements, at fifty cents a line; 12 squares will be inserted at twenty-five dollars per square. So rare a chance to reach fifty or a hundred thousand families in the South and Southwest was never before offered. All advertisements must be prepared and sent in this office by the 20th of May to insure insertion.

We refer Northern advertisers to any first-class advertising agency as for our responsibility.

None but responsible advertisements will appear in the mammoth edition.

We desire all who wish to occupy space in the mammoth edition to send in their favors as early as possible, as we shall limit the number of squares to each advertiser. Address

THE BAPTIST,
Office of South-Western Baptist,
Memphis, Tenn.

A HAPPY PROPOSAL.—The Wesley Chapel Sabbath school, accompanied by parties of other schools and a numerous host of friends, made an excursion to the delightful grounds at Bartlett yesterday, and spent a happy picnic day. Colonel W. J. Morgan had charge of the excursion, and it was admirably conducted. A crowd of over six hundred attended. The train was reported to be a beauty of the day's show, and was filled to its utmost capacity. The grounds were in splendid condition for the picnic. The dinner was appropriate and well delivered, and the dinner sumptuous. The crowd returned on a special train with the setting sun, and the pleasant day's enjoyment.

(OFFICIAL.)

PROCEEDINGS OF CITY COUNCIL.

At a called meeting of the Board of Mayor and Aldermen, held yesterday, May 9, 1868, present: Chairman Swayne, Aldermen Blakey, Johnson, Noyes, Black, Brown, Cartwright, O'Donnell, Holst, Rumn, Cleals, Lemon, Reiner,

DAILY MEMPHIS AVALANCHE

EDITED, PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY

P. C. GALLAWAY & CO.

AVALANCHE BUILDING,

Memphis, Tennessee.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

FOR 1868, FROM APRIL 1.

DAILY—One copy, each month	$ 1 00
" One copy, per year	10 00
" Five copies, per year	50 00
" Ten copies, per year	90 00
WEEKLY—One copy, each month	75
" One copy, three months	1 00
" One copy, per year	4 00
" Five copies, per year	15 00
" Ten copies, per year	25 00
" Twenty copies, per year	40 00

One extra copy sent to the getter up of a club of ten. Specimen copies sent free.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Ten lines nonpar, of eight lines or less, $ 1.

For each additional day, up to a week, 25 cents per square. Business Notices, 25 cents per line, each insertion.

	One Week	Two Weeks	Three Weeks	One Month	Two Months	Three Months	Six Months	One Month
1	$ 2 50	$ 3 00	$ 3 50	$ 4 00	$ 6 00	$ 8 00	$ 12 00	$ 20 00
2	3 00	3 50	4 00	5 00	7 00	9 00	14 00	24 00
3	3 50	4 00	4 50	6 00	8 00	10 00	16 00	28 00
4	4 00	4 50	5 00	7 00	9 00	11 00	18 00	32 00
5	4 50	5 00	5 50	8 00	10 00	12 00	20 00	36 00
6	5 00	5 50	6 00	9 00	11 00	13 00	22 00	40 00
7	5 50	6 00	6 50	10 00	12 00	14 00	24 00	44 00
8	6 00	6 50	7 00	11 00	13 00	15 00	26 00	48 00
9	6 50	7 00	7 50	12 00	14 00	16 00	28 00	52 00
10	7 00	7 50	8 00	13 00	15 00	17 00	30 00	56 00
11	7 50	8 00	8 50	14 00	16 00	18 00	32 00	60 00
12	8 00	8 50	9 00	15 00	17 00	19 00	34 00	64 00

Advertisements for three months same proportion, less ten per cent; six months same proportion, less twenty per cent.

[OFFICIAL.]

PROCEEDINGS OF CITY COUNCIL.

Wednesday Proceedings Concluded.

PETITION.

MEMPHIS, TENN., April 24, 1868.

To the Honorable Board of Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Memphis:

We, the undersigned petitioners, would respectfully ask that the alley between Robinson and Mosby streets and between Hill street and Winchester avenue be graded so that the water may drain off and it be made passable. At present it is in a very bad condition and detrimental to the health of the neighborhood. Hoping you will give this due consideration, we are yours etc.,

Frank Mosley,	Wm. Booth,
Robert Nicholson,	Thomas B Saunders,
Isaac Morrison,	G. McLean,
Reuben Shipway,	James Dolan.

Referred to City Engineer and Street Commissioner.

RESOLUTIONS.

By Alderman Ruffin:

Resolved, etc., That the Sanitary Sergeant notify the property holders on both sides of Shelby street, from Union to South streets, to put down brick or stone sidewalks in front of their property, within thirty days, or it will be done by the city, at their expense. Also, both sides of Main, from Beale to South street, where it is necessary.

By Alderman Cicalla:

Resolved, That the property holders on the east side of St. Martin street, between Beale and Linden, be notified to repair the sidewalks within thirty days.

Adopted.

By the same:

Resolved, That the street commissioner be instructed to drain the pond on the bluff, between Union and Monroe streets, westward of Front street, without delay.

Adopted.

By the same:

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be instructed to put a crossing on the eastern side of Mulberry across Pontotoc streets.

Adopted.

By Alderman O'Donnell:

Resolved, etc., That the side water on Winchester street, east of third, and on the south side of Winchester street, and in front of Randall and Heath's laundry, be not disturbed, as the same is in good repair.

Referred to Paving Committee.

By Alderman Brown:

Resolved, etc., That the City Engineer be and is hereby instructed to have the gutters on both sides of Court street, between Main and Front, taken up and relaid, so as to conform to the pavements on Main and Front streets.

Adopted.

By Alderman Black:

Resolved, That the City Engineer be and is hereby instructed to have the necessary sewers built for connecting the gutters with the bridge on Beale street.

Adopted.

By Alderman Wickersham:

Resolved, etc., That the owners of property fronting on Echols street, between Vance and Elliott streets, be and they are hereby ordered to lay down a sidewalk in front of their property, within thirty days from this date, and that the Metropolitan Police Commissioners are hereby requested to enforce the same.

Adopted.

By the same:

Resolved, etc., That the owners of property fronting on the east side of fourth street, between Adams and Poplar, be and they are hereby ordered to lay down a brick sidewalk in front of their property, within thirty days from this date, and that the Police Commissioners are hereby requested to enforce the same.

Aopted.

By the same:

To the Honorable Board of Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Memphis:

Your petitioner humbly and most respectfully petitions your honorable Board, that she, being the owner of improved property on Quinsby avenue, in the Corporation of the City of Memphis, and that said property cannot be rented on account of the impassable condition of said street or avenue, it never having been graded so as to be passable, is therefore compelled to ask the honorable body to allow her the sum of one hundred and twenty-five dollars (125) in city taxes, to enable her to have the said street graded and thereby rendered passable; and your petitioner will ever be, etc., etc. MRS. MARY FAGAN.

MEMPHIS, May 5, 1868.

Prayer granted.

By Chairman Swayne:

To the Honorable Board of Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Memphis:

GENTLEMEN: We, the undersigned commission merchants of this city, respectfully beg leave to ask the repeal of the ordinance requiring us to pay the additional tax of one-half of one per cent on sales of consignments of produce from other States, exclusive of cotton, as at present demanded by City Collector Chandler, in addition to the one hundred dollars, as heretofore required, and ask that the license on privileges for commission merchants be reduced to one hundred dollars without additional assessment of one-half of one per cent. on sales.

And would further represent to you honors that the present high rate of taxes are oppressive on the merchants of this city, and as you are well aware we have to pay an additional tax to the State and county, to that paid to the city, of one and one quarter of one per cent; and have also to pay a further heavy tax to the United States Government; and, in our opinion, the high rates of taxation is calculated to cripple the business resources of the city, and thereby drive off business to other markets and lessen the receipts to the City Treasury, would further state that the commissions for selling produce in this market is only two and a half per cent, and that the exorbitant taxes now imposed, brings the merchant out on debt.

The undersigned petitioners pray, that in your wisdom, your honors may think proper to grant their petition.

Davis & Norton, F W Irvine & Co, Black, Cameron & Co, Attwood & Anderson, W P Wright, Lawrence, Carter & Co, E S Plummer, John K Moody & Co, Clarke & Drury, Alden, McCree & Co, Blakemore & Co, Dickinson, Williams & Co, R A Moon, Moon & Geoghegan, Wormeley, Pickett & Co, Howes & Burbank, Jones Brothers, William Carter, Clarke, Eby & Co, Taylor & Rutland, Edmonds, Todd & Co, G Sternberg & Co, Orgill Brothers & Co, Comer & Richardson, W G West & Co, D Cunningham & Co, Wolcott, Smith & Co, McDonald & Woodworth, Anderson & Gay, E P Bates & Co, Clark & Smith, Stanley, King and Smith, R S Taylor & Co, Wm H Andrews, Miller, Jones & Co, Toof, Phillips & Co, Fowlkes and Stanley, H Fitzgerald & Co, Brooks, Neely & Co, Joiner & Kirkley, Denis & Co, M T Gerwin & Co, E Ackerman, Sutton, Berry & Mans, Thurmond, Foster & Co, Wm E Yeatman, Foster, Gwynn & Co, F W Irvine & Co, W J F Frank & Co, Cobbs, Gwynn & Co, Brown, Dillard & Co, R P Walt & Co, J H West, Rolling & Co, Kimball Brothers, Harris, Cochran & Co, Farrington & Howell, Vinson & Donahue, Anderson & Watson, Goodlett & Co, J W Terry, H K Dorsey & Co, Fraser & Brown, S B Eastment, Cunningham, Wicks & Malone, S M Webb & Co, Street, Crisman & Co, Newton Post & Co, Galbreath, Stewart & Co, Mansion & Treadwell, Martin Walt & Co, J U Neely & Co, White, Kerr & Rootes, A Vaccaro & Co, Cloth & Kostmayer, S L Sullivan, Harris & Moore, Atterson, Ward & Talley, A P Burdit, Sandridge, Mitchell & McClellan, Webb, Gachenheimer & Co, Bankamith, Humphrey & Co, Edmonds, Pettigrew & Co.

Referred to Ordinance Committee.

By Alderman Wright:

To the Honorable Board of Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Memphis:

MEMPHIS, TENN., April 24, 1868.

GENTLEMEN: Your petitioner passed a respectfully represents to your honorable body that he has about four-teenths of land, situated in the Fourth Ward, nearly all of which is nearly or wholly unproductive of any income, and likely to remain in such condition, for some time to come; he would therefore represent that houses built upon said lands will not pay a remunerative rental; that there is at this time no sale for this species of real estate; that he has held the said property for a term of twenty five years, always paying the taxes on it in the promptest manner; that it has been placed in the corporate limits of the city without his consent; that he considers that he is not likely to be materially benefited thereby; that he feels the city tax to be in amount unjust and quite oppressive, and respectfully begs of your honorable body a reduction of a portion of the sum charged up to him.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

SAMUEL GILBERT.

Referred to Finance Committee.

By the same:

To the Board of Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Memphis:

Your petitioner, A. Niles, would respectfully represent to your honorable Board that in the year 1866 the loan to the corporation of Memphis to the sum of two thousand dollars and took the note of the Mayor for this amount, and the time of its maturity was after the breaking out of the war. While the Confederate forces occupied Memphis.

She states that her sole object in loaning this money was to place it out at interest, as she wished to invest it so it would be remunerative; and it was her wish to have the note renewed at maturity, and not paid, for if paid it would only impose the trouble of making a new negotiation with other parties in reference to its loan. All this was made known to the city officials, and it was loaned with this understanding.

When the note matured the agent of your petitioner went to the proper city official to have it renewed, when this officer insisted that he would pay the note in Confederate money. No was it informed by your petitioner's agent that he did not wish payment but to have the note renewed; that this was the expressed purpose of loaning it to the city that it should be renewed at maturity and not paid; and your petitioner states this was the understanding when it was loaned.

Your petitioner's agent believing that he had no option in the matter, but that he was compelled to accept it by reason of the military orders then existing, took the Confederate money, gave up the note and brought this money to her, which she took alone, because she considered it a matter of compulsion under the military orders then existing.

Your petitioner did not accept it voluntarily, and if she had believed that she would have been permitted to refuse it she would have done so. She took it under this compulsion and laid it away where it has remained ever since.

This entire statement can be substantiated by unquestionable authority.

At the time this Confederate money was received by your petitioner she was a very old woman, being not far from seventy years of age.

She is advised by her counsel that under recent decisions of the Supreme Court, and the peculiar circumstances of this transaction, connected with her extreme age, that in his opinion she is entitled to recover the amount loaned the city. But she prefers to compromise the matter, and will do so on the most liberal terms.

She will take half the amount she claims, if your honorable Board desire that the matter may be compromised. She therefore asks that a committee may be appointed to compromise this claim, and she suggests that this committee confer with the City Attorney as to the propriety of making a compromise with her, and to be governed by the advice of the City Attorney as to whether or not it is a proper case for compromise.

And as in duty bound, etc.

A. NILES.

By W. L. SCOTT, Attorney.

Referred to Committee on Claims and City Attorney.

RESOLUTIONS.

By Alderman Ellis:

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be instructed to repair the bridge on Brinkley avenue, just north of Poplar street.

Referred to Improvement Committee.

By the same:

Resolved, etc., That the City Attorney ascertain by what authority the Mississippi and Tennessee railroad company have fenced in Clay, Webster and Georgia streets, and report at the next meeting of this Board.

Referred to City Attorney.

By Alderman Moffet:

Resolved, etc., That the Street Commissioner be and he is hereby instructed to examine the plank walks ordered by this Board in the Ninth Ward, and report to the Mayor the names of the persons who have failed to lay down the same, and of those who have laid down the same in a manner not reasonably conforming to the order of this Board; and in all said cases the Mayor is hereby requested to cause the penalties to be enforced, as provided by ordinance in such cases.

Adopted.

By Alderman Wright:

Resolved, That the Mayor and Chairman of the Finance Committee be directed as early as practicable to ascertain upon what terms all of the real estate belonging to the city can be sold, and whether it is best to sell the same for cash or upon time, receiving in payment of the same any due indebtedness of the city.

And that they be further directed to inquire what encumbrances or liens are upon said property, and report the best manner to sell the same for the purpose of discharging said encumbrances.

And that the Mayor and Chairman of the Finance Committee report the same to this Board.

Adopted.

By the same:

Resolved, That the Tax Collector and City Attorney proceed at once to collect all the unpaid taxes due the city of whatever description. And that when necessary they institute suit against the delinquent tax payers, in order that the same be paid and the debts of the city discharged.

Adopted.

By the same:

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained, etc.*, That hereafter where any work or repairs are needed upon any of the streets in the city, the Street Commissioner, under direction of the Mayor, shall notify thirty days in advance the property owner or owners, upon any of said streets to be worked or repaired, to have the same done within said time, upon plans submitted by said Street Commissioner; and upon default or refusal, by said property owners, within said time, that the Street Commissioner be directed to employ laborers, at not more than $1 50 per day, and have the same done at the expense of said property owners, and that the Street Commissioner be directed to use the public carts and tools of the city upon the said work.

SEC. 2. The cost of said work or repairing, shall be charged against said property owners, in proportion to the amount of property owned by them, and the said amounts shall be collected by the Street Commissioner from said owners, and by him paid to said laborers.

SEC. 3. Upon payments of said assessments by the property owners, the Street Commissioner shall give said parties a receipt for the same, which receipt shall be taken by the Tax Collector in payment of any taxes due the city.

SEC. 4. Upon refusal of any of said property owners to pay said assessment so made, suit shall be brought by the City Attorney, in any court having jurisdiction of the same.

Passed first and final reading by a suspension of the rules.

By Alderman Moffet:

Resolved, That the City Engineer give to the property holders on north side of Robeson street the proper grade for their gutter; and that they be notified to have said gutters so made as to remove the stagnant pools which now exist there.

Adopted.

By the same:

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained, etc.*, That from and after the passage of this ordinance it shall be a misdemeanor for any person or persons to allow to remain upon the wharf or public landing, or upon any public property, streets or alleys, belonging to the city, for longer than twenty-four hours, any obstruction of any kind whatever, whether houses, fences or sheds.

SEC. 2. That the storage of cotton, lumber, coal or other articles of merchandise, shall not be permitted upon any of the public grounds, streets, sidewalks, promenade or landing, for any length of time exceeding six hours; but the same shall be removed by the parties making such deposit. Any person failing to remove the same, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor; upon conviction shall pay a fine of not less than ten nor more than fifty dollars. And, after notification to remove the same, for each and every day the same so remains said parties shall be fined not less than ten nor more than fifty dollars.

SEC. 3. That no goods, merchandise, cotton, lumber, or other articles, shall remain upon the landing for more than twenty-four hours, either before shipping the same or after delivery of same by any steam or other boat.

SEC. 4. That the Wharfmaster shall see that section three of this ordinance shall be strictly complied with, and shall notify all persons violating the same to have such goods, merchandise or other articles so removed; and parties failing or neglecting to comply with said section after notification by the Wharfmaster, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction, fined for each and every day so offending not less that ten nor more than fifty dollars.

SEC. 5. The Mayor shall at all times see that this ordinance is strictly enforced, and shall have said obstructions as embraced in this ordinance removed by such power and force as are under his control.

SEC. 6. All ordinances in conflict with this are hereby repealed.

Passed first reading and referred to Ordinance Committee.

By the same:

Be it ordained, etc., That the ordinance heretofore passed fixing the rate of taxation for the first corporate year at twenty cents on the hundred dollars for school purposes, be and the same is hereby amended so as to fix the rate at thirty cents on the hundred dollars, and for all other purposes, to remain as established by said ordinance.

Passed first reading.

By Alderman Penniger:

Resolved, etc., That the Street Commissioner be and is hereby instructed to make the following repairs, under the supervision of the City Engineer:

1. To make safe and secure the sidewalk on Therasa avenue.

2. To relay the crosswalk from Carroll avenue to Therasa avenue.

3. To relay the crosswalk at the intersection of Alabama street and Hill.

4. To repair the hole at south side of Market street bridge.

5. To round up Thornhill avenue.

Referred to Improvement Committee, who are instructed to have all work done upon the same in advance, and to report upon other matters.

By Alderman Lemos:

Resolved, That a lamp post be erected at the corner of Lauderdale and Jessamine, and Lauderdale and Linden streets.

Referred to Gas Committee.

By the same:

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be instructed to have the crossing raised at the intersection of Causey and Pontotoc streets. Adopted.

By the same:

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be instructed to have the hole on Pigeon Roost road east of the bridge filled up. Adopted.

By the same:

Resolved, That the property owners on the south side of Winchester street, east of Third, be allowed to lay down a plank sidewalk in place of brick, as ordered. Adopted.

By Alderman Renner:

Resolved, That the property owners on the east side of Manassas street, from Poplar to Manassas, and also those on the south side of Bass street, be notified to lay down plank sidewalks within the next thirty days. Adopted.

By the same:

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be instructed to drain a pool of stagnant water on Court street extended, east of the Memphis and Charleston depot.

Referred to Improvement Committee.

By the same:

Resolved, That the City Tax Collector be allowed $100 per month for clerk hire for the forty-first and forty-second corporate years.

Referred to Finance Committee.

By Alderman Johnson:

An Ordinance for the Regulation of the Department of the City Hospital.

SECTION 1. It shall be the duty of the attending physician to visit the patients twice a day, or oftener, if necessary, and report monthly in relation to them to the Board of Mayor and Aldermen.

SEC. 2. The medical department of the hospital shall be under the control and supervision of an apothecary, to be elected by the Board of Aldermen, at a salary not exceeding fifty dollars a month, whose duty it shall be to supply his time in compounding medicines that may be ordered by the physician for the hospital patients, and administer the same, or control its administration by proper nurses, as directed by said physician, and make such requisition for medicines as may be necessary, and keep an account of the patients received and discharged from the hospital.

SEC. 3. That a matron be employed by the Board of Aldermen, at a salary not exceeding fifty dollars a month, whose duty it shall be to take charge of all the hospital supplies of provisions, clothing, fuel, lights and everything belonging to the hospital except medical supplies, and give out said supplies of clothing and provisions for the sick, etc., as may be necessary, and prepare the same for the sick as the physician may direct, and supervise their administration by proper nurses, and make such requisitions as may be necessary for all supplies monthly, except medical, and at the end of every month report to the Board by a written report the amount and kind of all supplies on hand.

SEC. 4. That two pay wards be established in the hospital, one for males and one for females, who may receive board and medical attention for all diseases, except contagious, for the sum of one dollar and fifty cents per day. Said matron shall keep the register of said wards, and collect daily or weekly in advance from said patients, and make a report monthly of said wards to the Board, and pay over to the City Treasurer the amount of money received from patients occupying the same.

SEC. 5. Said matron and apothecary shall enter into bond to the city for the faithful performance of their respective duties.

SEC. 6. All ordinances or parts of ordinances coming in conflict with any of the provisions of this ordinance be, and the same is hereby repealed.

Passed first reading.

By the same:

An Ordinance for a more equitable taxation on the privilege of selling wood in the city of Memphis:

SECTION 1. Every keeper of a house, yard, or other place for the sale of wood, shall pay all sums of $50.

SEC. 2 Every person (except those who pay license under section 1) bringing wood to the city, by river or railroad, shall pay a license of $50. This section applies to parties who sell the wood, and not to those acting on contracts for freighting, unless they also sell it.

SEC. 3. Every load of wood, not otherwise taxed, shall be hauled to one of two or more stands, to be located by the Mayor, where a tax of thirty cents per cord, fifteen cents per half cord, and ten cents per load for less than one-half cord shall be paid by the owner to the Wood Inspector, and a ticket of the measurement for the same given by the Wood Inspector, which ticket will be authority only to dispose of said load of wood. For the collections of the tax under this section, one officer shall be appointed by the Mayor, at a compensation of one-half of the collections made under this section.

SEC. 4. It shall be the duty of the collector of this tax to keep a book in which he shall enter the amount of tax received, the day received, and the name of the person from whom received, and make a monthly report to the Board of Mayor and Aldermen, and pay over to the city the amount due from said tax.

SEC. 5. Any violation of any of the provisions of this ordinance by any person, or subject them to a fine of not less than twenty-five nor more than fifty dollars.

SEC. 6. All ordinances or parts of ordinances coming in conflict with any of the provisions of this ordinance, are hereby repealed.

Tabled by the following vote: Ayes—Powers, Glancy, Wickersham, Black, Cartwright, O'Donnell, Renner, Ellis, Wright and Swayne. Nays—Johnson, Joyce, Brown, Hohs, Cicalla, Roth, Lemon and Passmore.

By the same:

Be it ordained, etc., That all ordinances licensing wood yards be and the same are hereby repealed.

Rejected.

By the same:

Resolved, etc., That all proprietors of wharfboats intending to comply with the law of the city of the Board, be permitted to present to this Board an application for the restoration of the privilege under such terms and restrictions as this Board may by ordinance impose; and that all boats presenting such application in writing, with a petition for time to remove their wharfboats immediately, if the same is not granted, be permitted to remain at the landing until further action of this Board; and that all wharfboats whose proprietors make no application to remove as aforesaid, be removed by the Wharfmaster after two days notice.

Tabled by the following vote:

Ayes—Glancy, Joyce, Wickersham, Black, Hohs, O'Donnell, Cicalla, Moffet, Ellis and Wright.

Nays—Powers, Johnson, Brown, Cartwright, Ruffin, Renner, Lemon and Passmore.

By the same:

Resolved, That the Mayor be authorized to have the boilers reset at the Hospital, cost not to exceed $100.

Adopted.

By the same:

PROTEST.

I, G. D. Johnson, Alderman of the Second Ward of the City of Memphis, hereby protest against the action of the Board of Mayor and Aldermen on the fifth instant, in removing the wharfboat of the Memphis and St. Louis Packet Company against the wishes of a large number of the merchants and property owners of the city as set forth in a petition by them submitted to the Board.

Aldermen Passmore, Brown and Cartright asked and were granted leave to join in this protest.

By Alderman Glancy:

Resolved, That a lamp post be placed on the northeast corner of Front and Jackson streets.

Referred to Gas Committee.

By Alderman Powers:

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be ordered to purchase sufficient quantity of iron gratings to barricade the vertical wall on Market street, so as to prevent wagons and other vehicles falling over the wall, as some have already fallen over said wall and sustained great damage.

Adopted.

By Alderman Moffet:

Resolved, That the Mayor be authorized to advertise for bids for supplying the City Hospital with meats and wood.

Adopted.

By Alderman Powers:

Resolved, That the Chairman of the several streets be prepared by the City Engineer.

Referred to Improvement Committee.

Thereupon the Board adjourned.

H. T. RAWLINS, Register.

DR. J. AME,

FORMERLY of [illegible]

OFFICE AND RESIDENCE [illegible]

[illegible] Hospital.

[illegible] Hospital.

[illegible] Hospital.